

Previous Year Question Paper of

UPSC - IFS EXAM

INDIAN FOREST SERVICE EXAM

AGRICULTURE MAIN Paper II

Examination

2013

(Original Question Paper UPSC IAS)
Union Public Service Commission Examination



Indian Forest Service Examination 2013

A-JGPT-M-ZJ-B

AGRICULTURE

Paper II (CONVENTIONAL)

Time allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 200

Question Paper Specific Instructions

 ${\it Please \ read \ each \ of \ the \ following \ instructions \ carefully \ before \ attempting \ questions:}$

There are **EIGHT** questions in all, out of which **FIVE** are to be attempted.

Questions no. 1 and 5 are compulsory. Out of the remaining SIX questions, THREE are to be attempted selecting at least ONE question from each of the two Sections A and B.

Attempts of questions shall be counted in chronological order. Unless struck off, attempt of a question shall be counted even if attempted partly. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Answer Book must be clearly struck off.

All questions carry equal marks. The number of marks carried by a question / part is indicated against it.

Answers must be written in ENGLISH only.

SECTION A

Q .1.	Attempt each question. 8×5=40			
	(a)	What mechanisms are involved in disease resistance? Describe in brief gene-for-gene relationship.	. 8	
	(b)	Describe the role of various second messengers in signal transduction. Elaborate on crosstalk and function in plant development.	its 8	
	(c)	Explain recurrent selection. Describe the specific purpose of recurrent selection for gene combining ability.	ral <i>8</i>	
	(d)	Give the salient features of formal seed supply system. Outline the organizational set-up of Indiseed industry.	ian 5+3=8	
	(e)	Define co-enzyme and iso-enzyme giving suitable examples. Briefly discuss the properties enzymes.	of 4+4=8	
Q.2.	Answer the following: 10×4=40			
	(a)	What is allopolyploidy? Describe in brief applications of allopolyploidy in crop improvement.	3+7=10	
		Title and the advantage of the modern and advantage in the state of Theological State of the sta	ent	
	(b)	What are the advantages of using molecular markers in plant breeding? Explain in detail different molecular markers.	6+4=10	
	(b) (c)		6+4=10	
		molecular markers.	6+4=10 5+5=10	

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Q.3.	Answer the following:		10×4=40
	(a)	Describe various phases of plant growth. How is growth measured?	6+ 4 =10
	(b)	Explain the distinct advantages and shortcomings of agrobacterium mediated and transfer techniques.	biolistic gene
	(e)	How do enzyme catalyzed reactions differ from ordinary chemical reactions?	10
İ	(d)	Explain marker assisted selection (MAS).	10
Q.4.	Distinguish between the following:		10×4=40
	(a)	Back cross and Dihybrid cross	10
	(b)	C ₃ and C ₄ photosynthetic pathways	10
	(c)	Totipotency and Micropropagation	10
	(d)	Lock and key model and Allosteric modulation	. 10

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SECTION B

Q.5.	Attem	pt each question.	8×5=40	
	(a)	Discuss the principles and methods of preservation of fruits and vegetables.	8	
	(b)	What are the requirements of seed production? Explain the importance of isolation distance in a production of some important crops.	seed 8	
	(c)	Define seed dormancy. Discuss briefly the various methods for breaking seed dormancy.	8	
	(d)	Write short notes on crassulacean acid metabolism (CAM). Mention at least two examples of C plants.	CAM 6+2=8	
	(e)	Explain the significance of self-incompatibility and male sterility in the field of plant breeding.	8	
Q .6.	Distin	Distinguish between the following: 10×4=40		
	(a)	Synchrony in flowering and planting ratio of parents	10	
	(b)	Monogenic traits and polygenic traits	10	
	(c)	Gene pool and gene frequency	10	
	(d)	Cyclic and non-cyclic electron transport of photosynthesis	10	
Q.7.	Answe	Answer the following:		
	(a)	Why is the characterization of germplasm resources available in crop species essential? Characterized at which germplasms are characterized.	Give 2+8=10	
	(b)	Explain in detail the fact that India has its own sui generis system of plant variety protection.	10	
	(c)	Explain the requirements of certified seed.	10	
	(d)	How can growth be distinguished from development? Name the precursor aminoacids from which IAA and ethylene are synthesized respectively. Briefly discuss the physiological role of ethylene in		
		plants.	2+2+6=10	
Q.8.	Answer the following : 10×4=40			
	(a)	Define Vernalization. What mechanism plays behind vernalization? State its significance agriculture.	e in 2+4+4=10	
	(b)	Name the national organizations involved in Indian seed industry. Explain in detail the roll public and private seed sectors in seed production in India.	le of 3+7=10	
	(c)	What do you mean by monophagous and polyphagous pests? Give a concise note on pest vegetables with particular reference to fruit flies.	ts of 2+8=10	
	(d)	Give a brief account on the advantages and disadvantages of sexual reproduction in plants.	10	

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