

Previous Year Solved Question Paper of

G.A.T.E. (XL) 2003

LIFE SCIENCES

XL: Biochemistry

Examination

(Original Question Paper with Answer Key)
GRADUATE APTITUDE TEST IN ENGINEERING





J: Biochemistry

Q.1 - 10 carry one mark each

Q.1 Which amino acid residue is most likely to be found in the inter globular protein?		und in the interior of a water soluble					
	(A)	Ser	(B)	Arg			
	(C)	Val	(D)	Asp			
Q.2		e peptide sequences given below, whi to cleave?	ch one	is the digestive enzyme trypsin most			
		Val-Lys-Pro-Met Trp-Asp-Gln-Pro		Arg-Val-Phe-Tyr Glu-Gly-Trp-Gly			
Q.3	Which pair of amino acids will have the highest absorbance at 280 nm? (Assume equimolar concentrations)						
	(A)	Thr & His	(B)	Phe & Pro			
	(C)	Trp & Tyr	(D)	Phe & His			
Q.4	Which one of the following statements about protein secondary structure is correct?						
	(A)	An α-helix is primarily stabilized by of the amino acids	/ ionic	interactions between the side chains			
	(B)						
	(C)						
	(D)	An α-helix can be composed of mor	e than	one polypeptide chain			
Q.5	The enzymes where catalysis involves transfer of electrons are named as						
	(A)	Isomerases	(B)	Transferases			
	(C)	Oxidoreductases	(D)	Lyases			
Q.6	Vitamin D is derived from which of the following precursors by the action of UV light?						
	(A)	7-Dehydrocholesterol	(B)	Lanosterol			
	(C)	Glycocholate	(D)	Squalene epoxide			
Q.7	The molecular defect in familial hypercholesterolemia is due to the lack of functional						
	(A)	VLDL receptor	(B)	IDL receptor			
	(C)	LDL receptor	(D)	HDL receptor			
Q.8	Alcaptonuria is an inborn error in metabolism, transmitted as a single recessive						
	Mendelian trait where the enzyme that is absent is						
	IVICITO		dent 13				
	(A)	Phenylalanine hydroxylase	(B)	Ornithine decarboxylase			

	(C)	$\alpha_2\beta_2$ (D) $\alpha_2\beta\beta'$				
Q.10	Given below are four enzymatic reactions involved in glycolysis. In which of the following steps is ATP generated?					
	(A) (B) (C) (D)	2-Phosphoglycerate to Phosphoenol pyruvate Glucose-6-phosphate to Fructose-6-phosphate Phosphoenol pyruvate to Pyruvate Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate to 1,3-bisphosphoglycerate				
	2776	or) commonly of a prosperme to the emphrosphology visite				
		Q.11 – 30 carry two marks each				
Q.11		correct decreasing order of permeability through a lipid bilayer of the cules/ions Isoleucine, Tyrosine, O ₂ and Na ⁺ is				
	(A) (C)	$O_2 > Na^+ > Isoleucine > Tyrosine$ (B) $O_2 > Isoleucine > Tyrosine > Na^+$ Isoleucine > Tyrosine > $O_2 > Na^+$ (D) Isoleucine > Tyrosine > $Na^+ > O_2$				
Q.12	For th	For the reaction				
	Fructose-6-phosphate + P _i ⇒ Fructose 1,6-bisphosphate + H ₂ O					
	the equilibrium constant at pH 7 and 300 K is 10^{-3} . The standard free energy change (in kcal per mole) for the reaction is approximately equal to: $(R = 2 \text{ cal deg}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1})$					
	(A)	+4.1 (B) -4.1 (C) $+2.2$ (D) -2.2				
Q.13	Of the	e four statements given below only one is correct. Pick the correct one				
	(A)	Progesterone is synthesized in the corpus luteum and it prepares the uterin lining for egg implantation and maintenance of pregnancy				
	(B)	Progesterone is synthesized in the ovary and is responsible for femal secondary sex characters				
	(C)	Progesterone is synthesized in the adrenal cortex and promote gluconeogenesis and glycogen formation				
	(D)	Progesterone is synthesized in testis and is responsible for male secondary se characters				
Q.14	Which one of the following statements about lipoproteins is true?					
V.17	(A)	Molecular mass of lipoproteins is directly proportional to their density				
Q.11	12 2					
Q.11	(B)	The percent protein content in lipoproteins increases with molecular mass				
Ų.IT		The percent protein content in lipoproteins increases with molecular mass Density of a lipoprotein decreases with increase in protein content				

The prokaryotic RNA polymerase holoenzyme has the subunit structure

(B)

 $\alpha_2\beta_2\sigma$

Q.9

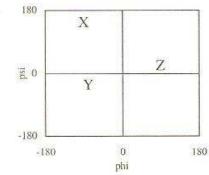
(A)

 $\alpha_2\beta\beta'\sigma$

- Q.15 Choose the correct common sequence motif of Zn finger proteins from the choices given below. X stands for any amino acid
 - (A) X₃-Cys-X₂₋₄-Cys-X₁₋₂-His-X₃₋₄-His-X₄
 - (B) X₃-Cys-Cys-X_{2,4}-His-His-X₄
 - (C) X₃-Cys-Cys-His-His-X₄
 - (D) X₃-Cys-X₂₋₄-His-X₁₋₂-His-X₃₋₄-Cys-X₄

Q.16 Pick the correct statement

- (A) In O-linked glycosylation, sugars are attached to the protein via O-glycosidic bonds to the carboxyl groups of Asp and Glu
- (B) In O-linked glycosylation, preformed oligosaccharides are attached to the relevant protein
- (C) In O-linked glycosylation, N-acetylgalactosamine is added via O-glycosidic bonds to the OH groups of Ser and Thr after which other sugars are added sequentially
- (D) O-linked glycosylation is inhibited by the passage of the newly synthesized protein through the Golgi complex
- Q.17 Which of the following statements is NOT true with regard to photosynthesis?
 - (A) The dark reactions use NADPH and ATP to drive the synthesis of carbohydrate from CO₂ and H₂O
 - (B) The principal photoreceptor, chlorophyll is derived biosynthetically from protoporphyrin IX
 - (C) Photosystem II (PS II) generates a strong reductant capable of reducing NADP⁺
 - (D) The components involved in the electron transport from H₂O to NADPH are largely organized into three thylakoid membrane-bound particles
- Q.18 In the adjoining Ramachandran diagram, which type of secondary structure do the regions marked X, Y and Z represent?
 - (A) X: right handed α-helix
 - Y: left handed α-helix
 - Z: B-sheet
 - (B) X : left handed α-helix
 - Y: right handed α-helix
 - Z: B-sheet
 - (C) X: β-sheet
 - Y: right handed α-helix
 - Z: left handed α-helix
 - (D) X : β-sheet
 - Y: left handed α-helix
 - Z: right handed α-helix



Q.19	The RNase A catalyzed hydrolysis of tRNA follows a two-step process with the intermediate formation of a 2', 3'-cyclic nucleotide. In these steps				
	(A)	His 12 acts as a general base in the transphosphorylation step abstracting a proton from an RNA 2'-OH group			
	(B)	His 119 acts as a general base in the transphosphorylation step abstracting a			

0.20 Shown below is the autoradiogram of an electrophoresis gel obtained during the

Q.21 In an antigen antibody interaction, in the zone of equivalence, the isolated antigen IgG

Q.22 Class switching occurs in a B cell to produce IgG from IgM. Which one of the

The molecular weight of the new antibody is the same as the old one

Specificity of the IgG and IgM are different from each other

The valency of the new antibody is the same as the old one

complex was found to be in the molar ratio of antigen; IgG, 2:1. The number of

(C) 4

(D) 10

The 2', 3'-cyclic intermediate is hydrolyzed when His 12 acts as a general base

His 12 acting as a general acid in the transphosphorylation step promotes bond

proton from an RNA 2'-OH group

scission by protonating the leaving group

sequencing a single stranded DNA by Sanger's method.

The base sequence of the DNA is

3'-AGTCGAGCT-5'

5'-TCAGCTCGA-3' 3'-TCAGCTCGA-5'

5'-AGTCGAGCT-3'

epitope(s) present on the antigen is

following conclusions is correct?

(B)

Specificity of the IgG is the same as IgM

(A) 1

(C)

(D)

(A) (B)

(C)

(D)

(A)

(B)

(C)

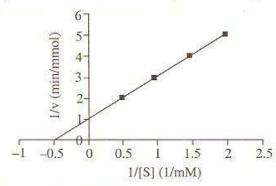
(D)

	Two types of IgMs are produced by the same B cell, one that is secreted and the other that can bind to the membrane. Which one of the following statements is correct?			
	(A)	These two antibodies are coded by altogether two	va different genes	
	(B)	The membrane anchor residues are added to t modification	he protein by post-translationa	
	(C)	The two different proteins associate, one of anchor	which provides the membran	
	(D)	The proteins are produced by alternate splicing	of its primary transcript	
Q.24	During DNA replication, short RNA primers are synthesized which are then extended			
	by Di	NA polymerase. These RNA primers in prokaryot	tes are removed by the enzyme	
	(A)	Primase		
	(B)	RNase H		
	(C)	DNA polymerase I		
	(D)	DNA polymerase III		
Q.25	A new antibiotic was discovered which strongly inhibited mRNA precursor transcripts			
	and s _n RNA transcripts. This antibiotic was predicted to be an inhibitor of			
	(A)	RNA polymerase I		
	(B)	RNA polymerase II		
	(C)	RNA polymerase III		
	(D)	Helicase		
Q.26	Suppose [4- ¹⁴ C] oxaloacetate is fed to mitochondria. After one turn of the Citric Acid Cycle, which carbon(s) of succinate would be labelled?			
			36	
	(A)	None		
	(B)	Equally distributed between C-1 and C-4		
	(C) (D)	Equally distributed between C-2 and C-3 C-4		
Q.27	(C) (D)	Equally distributed between C-2 and C-3 C-4	hase pairs as their managed and	
Q.27	(C) (D) Two r	Equally distributed between C-2 and C-3	nts that they will generate on	

- Q.28 A solution of tryptophan has an absorbance at 280 nm of 0.54 in a 0.5 cm path length cuvette. Given the absorbance coefficient (ε) for tryptophan is 5.4 x 10³ M⁻¹cm⁻¹, the concentration of the solution is
 - (A) 0.2 mM (B) $20 \mu\text{M}$ (C) $1 \times 10^{-3}\text{M}$ (D) 0.1 mM
- Q.29 From the data given below, identify the protein pair that would (a) give the least mobility band on a sodium dodecyl sulphate polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) experiment and (b) elute last on an anion exchange e.g., DEAE column respectively

Protein	pI	Subunit M.W.	Native M.W.
A	9	10,000	20,000
В	8	35,000	35,000
C	6	15,000	90,000
D	5	20,000	80,000
E	3	30,000	30,000

- (A) (a) Protein C (b) Protein A
- (B) (a) Protein A (b) Protein E
- (C) (a) Protein B (b) Protein E
- (D) (a) Protein B (b) Protein A
- Q.30 The graph shows a Lineweaver-Burke plot for an enzyme catalyzed reaction



Which of the following statements is correct?

- (A) The V_{max} is 5 mmol/min and with competitive inhibition V_{max} remains unchanged
- (B) K_m is 2 mmol/min and with competitive inhibition both K_m and V_{max} decrease
- (C) K_m is 0.5 mM and with competitive inhibition V_{max} increases but K_m remains unchanged
- (D) K_m is 2.0 mM and with competitive inhibition K_m increases but V_{max} remains unchanged

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